

## AEEP Call for Action and Commitments

### Toward an Action Programme for the 2020 Targets

#### Objective – Achieving the AEEP 2020 Targets

On 12-13 February 2014, the Ethiopian Government and the African Union Commission will host the Second High-Level Meeting of the Africa-EU Energy Partnership (AEEP). Some 350 plus participants are expected to meet in Addis Ababa, among them official governmental delegations including energy and development Ministers, Commissioners from the African Union and the EU, representatives of Specialized Institutions of the AU, Regional Economic Communities and Power Pools, International Organisations, as well as the Civil Society, the Private Sector and Academia.

The AEEP is a strategic dialogue platform to strengthen the joint energy cooperation between both continents. Over the past year, active involvement of all relevant stakeholders under the AEEP has directly (or indirectly) contributed to the achievement of the [AEEP 2020 Targets](#).

This “Call for Action and Commitments” contains a portfolio of activities in the energy sector cooperation between Africa and the European Union showcasing future actions various stakeholders (government, international organizations, non-state actors) are or will be undertaking that will contribute to the achievement of the AEEP 2020 Targets. The document will be presented to all participants at the Second High-Level Meeting. The AEEP Secretariat will be continuously updating the commitments which participants will submit on the AEEP website ([www.aEEP-conference.org](http://www.aEEP-conference.org)).

The Call invites governments, international organisations and non-state actors (e.g. civil society groups, business and finance, academia) to contribute to a new **Action Programme for the Achievement of the AEEP 2020 Targets** by proposing actions and commitments that will help to substantially increase energy access, energy security as well as the use of renewable and energy efficiency sources. In combination with the other conference outcomes, the Call will signal the participants' determination to contribute to the achievement of the AEEP 2020 Targets and will show how political commitments are translated into concrete action.

All actions and commitments included in the Call will be of a voluntary nature. The Second High-level Meeting aims at achieving differentiated actions and commitments that reflect specific regional conditions, capacities of actors or specific sectoral objectives.

The exemplary actions presented in the list below indicate what the conveners imagine the Action Programme to contain; however, this indicative list is not meant to limit the imagination and creativity of all actors to come up with other concrete ideas.

## What is expected? - Turning Commitments into Action!

In recognition of the challenges involved in achieving the AEEP 2020 Target (i.e., increasing energy access, energy security as well as the use of renewable and energy efficiency sources) and in appreciation of the high-level participation at the 2<sup>nd</sup> High-level Meeting of the AEEP, proposed actions and commitments should generally satisfy the **following criteria**:

### Significance

While the conveners recognise that in order to achieve the AEEP 2020 Targets, innumerable actions are required by a very large number of actors, the Call should bring together actions and commitments that are significant in terms of the impact they are likely to have. In particular, they should be significant in terms of the resources and capacities that the promoting actor has at his or her disposal.

### New or Additional

It is important to acknowledge that many governments and other actors have taken significant steps to promote renewable energies in the past. However, in order for the Action Programme to make a real difference, proposed actions and commitments must be new or additional in that they make a significant contribution to the relevant objectives.

### Monitoring Process

Actions and commitments should be proposed such that, in principle, their implementation can be monitored and progress documented and reported. Monitoring of implementation of the Action Programme is envisaged to be integrated in the existing AEEP monitoring process and could become an integral part of the follow-up conferences that are expected to take place.

## Submission of Proposals

Governments, international Organisations and non-state actors wishing to contribute to the Action Programme are invited to submit their contributions to the AEEP Secretariat by using the [online submission form](#) on the conference website. In view of the limited time left before the Second High Level Meeting, intended actions and contributions should be submitted as soon as possible (by 10 February 2014 at the latest), even if some of the information is of a preliminary nature. There will be further opportunities to update/elaborate provisionally provided information after the conference.

## Screening of Proposals

The conveners will screen the received proposals for actions and commitments. Proposals from non-state actors will be screened in consultation with the Stakeholder Dialogue focal points from both Africa and the EU. Should the conveners see a need for clarification, they

will consult with the proposing party. While due flexibility will be applied when screening the proposals, the conveners will give clear priority to proposals that are in accordance with the objectives and criteria outline above.

There are no plans to negotiate individual proposals for the new Action Programme at the conference; however, there will be room for discussion on such a new Action Programme as a whole and on its role in the larger set of expected conference outcomes.

## **Presentation of the Action Programme at the Conference**

The conveners will set aside resources at the conference for prominent presentation of the actions and commitments submitted.

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## Proposed Actions and Commitments for Achieving the AEEP 2020 Targets

### Section A: Activities by Governments

Title	Leading Actor(s)	Participating Actor(s)	Objective of the activity (500 characters max.)
<b>Development of up to 1.5 GW of wind power in the Western Cape</b>	South Africa	Department of Energy, South African Renewable Energy Institute, South African Wind Association, private sector	As part of its Renewable Energy Strategy and as a contribution to the targets of the White Paper on Renewable Energy, South Africa is planning to develop up to 1.5 GW of wind power in the Western Cape.
<b>Energizing Development (EnDev)</b>	Netherlands, Germany, Norway, Australia, the United Kingdom and Switzerland	ACP-EU Energy Facility, Irish Aid	By end of 2013, EnDev has provided – and continues to provide – millions of African people (households, social institutions and small and medium-sized enterprises) with energy access by establishing economically sustainable energy solutions and distribution schemes, mainly for rural communities.  EnDev operates in 14 African countries.
<b>Establishment of a new Energy Sector Support Programme</b>	Germany, Tanzania	KfW, GIZ	Tanzania and Germany have agreed on the establishment of a new Energy Sector Support Programme for their bilateral cooperation. Operations have started in fall of 2013 and will on renewable energy and the management of the recently discovered natural gas fields in southern Tanzania.
<b>Energy and Environment</b>	Finland	Austria, UK (DFID), SADC,	The EEP is a programme, which promotes renewable energy, energy efficiency and

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<b>Partnership (EEP)</b>		EAC	technology investments. To qualify for EEP support projects should also demonstrate high innovation in delivering energy services, facilitating technology transfer, encouraging cooperation and local stakeholders' participation in projects. EEP provides seed financing to cover part of the project costs which are necessary to start and develop a business
<b>Establishment of SADC Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency Centre</b>	SADC	Austria, UNIDO	Modelled along the ECREE model, SACREEE is designed to assist the fifteen SADC Member States in the development, adoption and implementation of national renewable energy and energy efficiency policies and targets, regulatory frameworks, standards, as well as incentive schemes and financial mechanisms.

## Section B: Activities by the Pan-African and International Organisations, including International Financial Institutions

<b>Title</b>	<b>Leading Actor(s)</b>	<b>Participating Actor(s)</b>	<b>Objective of the activity</b> (500 characters max.)
<b>EU SE4ALL Technical Assistance Facility</b>	EU Commission	Several countries in Sub-Saharan Africa	EU has created the SE4All Technical Assistance Facility to support several African countries committed to reaching the SE4All objectives through appropriate sector reforms and the scaling up of investment in the energy sector.
<b>SE4ALL Window of the EU-Africa Infrastructure Trust Fund (ITF)</b>	European Investment Bank	AfDB, AFD, BIO, COFIDES, FINNFUND, KfW, LUX-DEVELOPMENT, MoEF (GR), OeEB, PIDG, SIMEST, SOFID	The EU Commission has made available EUR 329mio in grants to the ITF for the establishment of an SE4ALL Window in Sub-Saharan Africa in support of energy infrastructure development in the region.
<b>Development of a Africa-wide Energy Monitoring System</b>	African Union Commission	AFREC, RECs, EUEI PDF	
<b>Renewable Energy Cooperation Program (RECP)</b>	European Commission	Various EU Member-states	Intended as a long-term framework for renewable energy cooperation between the two continents, the RECP has been launched in 2011 by the EU Commission with an initial financial contribution of € 5 Million. Other EU Member States including Austria, Finland, France, and Germany have joined since.
<b>Global Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Fund</b>	European Investment Bank	European Investment Fund	GEEREF is an innovative Fund-of-Funds, providing global risk capital through private investment for energy efficiency and renewable energy projects in developing

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			countries and economies in transition.
<b>Rehabilitation of Ruzizi I &amp; II hydro power plants project</b>	EU-Africa Infrastructure Trust Fund	AFD, EIB	The grant operation will cover studies on the institutional set up of the Hydro Power Plants Ruzizi I and II and their technical rehabilitation needs as well as a technical assistance for the Great Lakes Energy Organization (EGL). The institutional study will analyse necessary institutional and financial reforms, recommend technical and commercial management options for Ruzizi I and II and prepare the tender documents for the recruitment of a private operator.
<b>Geothermal Risk Mitigation Facility for Eastern Africa</b>	African Union Commission (AUC)	KfW	The AUC on the one side and the German Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development and the EU-Africa Infrastructure Trust Fund via KfW Entwicklungsbank (KfW) on the other side have established the Geothermal Risk Mitigation Facility to fund geothermal development in East Africa. The GRMF was launched in April 2012 co-finances surface studies and drilling projects aimed at developing this largely untapped indigenous and renewable energy resource.

### Section C: Activities by stakeholders from Civil Society, the private sector and academia

Title	Leading Actor(s)	Participating Actor(s)	Objective of the activity (500 characters max.)
<b>IEA standard Clean Tech lab</b>	Strathmore University, GIZ	Fraunhofer Institute, GIZ/CIM, GIZ/EnDev, KeBS	Setting up in Strathmore of a clean tech lab to test and label on behalf of KeBS solar modules, batteries, inverters, controllers, lamps, etc. Technical training is provided by Fraunhofer Institute and GIZ/CIM is providing a TA to manage the lab and undertake technology transfer. Budget 240,000 Euros. Implementation: first quarter of 2014.
<b>Electrification of rural communities in Tanzania with high penetration of Renewable Energy Sources</b>	Tanzania, Austria, Germany	Companies INENSUS GmbH and Terra Projects e.U. supported by Austrian Development Agency ADA	Off-grid and Mini grid electrification powered by solar-diesel hybrid systems on islands in Lake Victoria, benefiting 81,500 people